Revision nr. 5 MARBEC S.R.L. Dated 22/02/2022 Printed on 22/02/2022 0030470 - CAREZZA PLUS Page n. 1/19 Replaced revision:4 (Dated: 12/10/2020) Safety Data Sheet According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking 1.1. Product identifier 0030470 Code: Product name CAREZZA PLUS Chemical name and synonym CAREZZA PLUS 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against SU22 - Professional uses SU21 - Consumer uses Sector of use PC31 - Polishes and mixtures of waxes Product category Description/Use wax for finishing the wood 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Name MARBEC S.R.L. Full address VIA CROCE ROSSA 5/i District and Country 51037 MONTALE (PISTOIA) ITALIA Tel. +039 0573/959848 Fax e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet becarelli@marbec.it Supplier: info@marbec.it 1.4. Emergency telephone number For urgent inquiries refer to MARBEC srl 0573959848 h8.30-13 h14-18 o 3357267921 Numero telefonico di Centri Antiveleni attivi 24/24 ore IRCSS Fondazione Maugeri -Pavia 0039-0382-24444 CAV Ospedali Riuniti -Bergamo 0039-800-883300 CAV Ospedale Niguarda Ca` Granda -Milano 0039-02-66101029 CAV Ospedale Careggi- Firenze 0039-055-7947819 CAV Policlinico Gemelli -Roma 0039-06-3054343 CAV Policlinico Umberto I -Roma 0039-06 49978000 CAV Ospedale Cardarelli -Napoli 0039-081 5453333 CAV Azienda Ospedaliera Integrata Verona - Verona 800011858 **SECTION 2. Hazards identification**

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2.1. Classification of	the substance or mixture			
supplements). The pre-	fied as hazardous pursuant to the provoduct thus requires a safety datasheet thation concerning the risks for health and/	at complies with	the provisions of (EU) Regulatio	
Hazard classification	and indication:			
Flammable liquid, ca		H226	Flammable liquid and	
	n toxicity - single exposure, category 3 juatic environment, chronic toxicity,	H336 H412	May cause drowsines Harmful to aquatic life	s or dizziness. with long lasting effects.
2.2. Label elements				
Hazard labelling pursu	uant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP)	and subsequent a	amendments and supplements.	
Hazard pictograms:				
Signal words:	Warning			
Hazard statements:				
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.			
H336 H412	May cause drowsiness or dizzine Harmful to aquatic life with long la			
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause s		acking.	
Precautionary statem	ents:			
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surface	es, sparks, open	flames and other ignition source	s. No smoking.
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective	e clothing / eye p	rotection / face protection.	
P312 P304+P340	Call a POISON CENTRE / doctor IF INHALED: Remove person to t			
Contains:	Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkan Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatic	es, isoalkanes, c	yclic, <2% aromatic"	
Product not intended for uses provided for by Directive 2004/42/EC.				
2.3. Other hazards				
On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.				

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The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration $\geq 0.1\%$.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes,	x = Conc. %	Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic" CAS - EC 919-857-5 INDEX -	50 ≤ x < 100	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066 Asp. Tox. 1 H304: ≥ 1%
REACH Reg. 01-2119463258-33		
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatic CAS - EC 918-668-5 INDEX 649-356-00-4 REACH Reg. 01-2119455851-35- XXXX	3≤x< 9	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H335, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

NOTE: The dearomatised white spirit present in this product is a UVCB (PrC3) complex, CAS n.a., EC 919-857-5, n. INDEX: n.a. ("C9-C11 hydrocarbons, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics" A complex and variable combination of paraffinic, cyclic and aromatic hydrocarbons, having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C9-C11 and boiling point in the range 130 ° C - 210 ° C). Some manufacturers provide the following related CASs: 64742-48-9.

Note P of Annex 1 applies. Benzene concentration <0.1 & by weight.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Wash immediately and abundantly with water for at least 15 minutes. If present, remove contact lenses if the situation allows you to do so with ease. Continue to rinse. Consult a doctor immediately.

SKIN: wash immediately and abundantly with soap and water. Take off your contaminated clothes. In case of irritation, swelling or redness, consult a specialist doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. For thermal burns, cool the injured part. Keep the burned part under cold running water for at least five minutes or until the pain disappears. Avoid a general hypothermia. When using high pressure equipment, a product injection can occur even without apparent external injury. In this case, transfer the injured person to the hospital immediately. Do not wait for symptoms to appear.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic" Eye contact can cause irritation.

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Contact with skin: redness. Repeated exposure can cause skin dryness or cracking. Inhalation: headache, dizziness, drowsiness, nausea and other effects on the central nervous system. Ingestion: Ingestion can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for doctor: Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder

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with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

Use appropriate personal protective equipment if necessary. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing the vapors. Do not release into the environment. Ensure that adequate cleaning measures (housekeeping) are taken. Contaminated material must not accumulate in the workplace and must never be kept in the pocket. Keep away from food and drink. Do not eat, drink or smoke while using the product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not reuse contaminated clothing.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

Keep away from strong oxidants and reducing agents.

Keep away from food, drink and feed.

The structure of the storage area, the characteristics of the tanks, the equipment and the operating procedures shall comply with the relevant European, national or local legislation. Storage facilities shall be equipped with systems to prevent contamination of soil and water in the event of leakage or spillage. The cleaning, inspection and maintenance of the internal structure of storage tanks must be carried out by qualified and properly equipped personnel, as established by national, local or company regulations. Before entering the storage tanks and starting any type of intervention in a confined space, carry out appropriate remediation, check the atmosphere and verify the oxygen content and the degree of flammability. Keep separate from oxidizing agents.

Suitable materials: use mild steel or stainless steel for containers and coatings. For the realization of containers or interior coatings use approved material suitable for the use of the product. Some synthetic materials may not be suitable for containers or coatings based on material characteristics and intended uses. Check the compatibility of materials at the manufacturer in relation to the conditions of use. If the product is supplied in containers, store only in the original container or in a container suitable for the type of product. Store containers carefully closed and properly labelled. Empty containers may contain flammable product residues, which may cause a fire or explosion hazard. Open slowly to control any pressure release. Do not weld, braze, perforate, cut or incinerate empty containers unless they have been properly reclaimed.

Storage class TRGS 510 (Germany):

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7.3. Specific end use(s)
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Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

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Regulatory References:

EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive
	RCP TLV	2000/39/ÈC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC. ACGIH TLVs and BEIs – Appendix H

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks Observat		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	00001144		
RCP TLV		1200	197					
Predicted no-effect concentr	ation - PNEC							
Normal value in fresh water				NPI				
Normal value in marine wate	er			NPI				
Normal value for fresh water	sediment			NPI				
Normal value for marine wat	er sediment			NPI				
Normal value for water, inter	mittent release			NPI				
Normal value of STP microo	rganisms			NPI				
Normal value for the food ch	ain (secondary poison	ing)		NPI				
Normal value for the terrestr	ial compartment			NPI				
Normal value for the atmosp	here			NPI				
Health - Derived no-effe		DMEL						
	Effects on				Effects on			
Route of exposure	consumers Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic	workers Acute local	Acute	Chronic local	Chronic
				systemic		systemic		systemic
Oral				125 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation				185 mg/m3				871 mg/m3
Skin				24h 125 mg/kg				8h 208 mg/kg
				bw/d				bw/d
Hydrocarbons, C9, aron								
Threshold Limit Value	latic							
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks		
		1.0	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	Observat	10115	
		mg/m3	ppm					
OEL	EU	100 mg/m3	PP					
OEL		100						
	ect level - DNEL / I Effects on	100			Effects on			
Health - Derived no-effe	ect level - DNEL / I Effects on consumers	100 DMEL			workers			
Health - Derived no-effe	ect level - DNEL / I Effects on	100	Chronic local	Chronic systemic		Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Health - Derived no-effe	ect level - DNEL / I Effects on consumers	100 DMEL		Chronic	workers		Chronic local	systemic 11 mg/kg
OEL Health - Derived no-effe Route of exposure Oral Inhalation	ect level - DNEL / I Effects on consumers	100 DMEL		Chronic	workers		Chronic local	systemic
Health - Derived no-effe Route of exposure Oral	ect level - DNEL / I Effects on consumers	100 DMEL		Chronic systemic	workers		Chronic local	systemic 11 mg/kg bw/d

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

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VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (ref. EN 374).

Materials presumably suitable for gloves: nitrile, PVC or PVA (polyvinyllacool) with a chemical protection index of at least 5 (permeation time > 240 minutes).

Compatibility, degradation, breaking time and permeation must be considered when choosing the material of work gloves. In the case of preparations, the resistance of work gloves to chemical agents must be checked before use because it is not foreseeable. Gloves have a wear time which depends on the duration and mode of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

Emissions from production processes, including those from ventilation equipment, should be controlled in order to comply with environmental legislation. Do not release into the environment. Storage facilities shall be equipped with systems to prevent contamination of soil and water in the event of leakage or spillage. Prevent the release of undissolved substances or recover them from wastewater. Do not distribute sludge generated by industrial water treatment on natural soils. Sludge generated by industrial water treatment must be incinerated, kept under containment or treated.

Information

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value
Appearance	pasty liquid
Colour	hazelnut
Odour	characteristic of solvent
Melting point / freezing point	Not available
Initial boiling point	165 °C
Boiling range	165-190 °C

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Flammability	Not available	
Lower explosive limit	Not available	
Upper explosive limit	Not available	
Flash point	23 ≤ T ≤ 60 °C	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available	
рН	Not applicable	Reason for missing data:substance/mixture is
Kinematic viscosity	> 20,5 mm2/sec (40°C)	non-soluble (in water)
Solubility	insoluble in water	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available	
Vapour pressure	Not available	
Density and/or relative density	0,8 kg/l	
Relative vapour density	Not available	
Particle characteristics	Not applicable	
9.2. Other information		
9.2.1. Information with regard to physical	hazard classes	
Information not available		
9.2.2. Other safety characteristics		
VOC (Directive 2010/75/EU)	73,87 % - 590,96 g/litr	e
Explosive properties	Not explosive	
Oxidising properties	Not oxidising	
SECTION 10. Stability and re	eactivity	

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

Vapours can form explosive mixtures with air. Contact with strong oxidants (such as peroxides and chromates) can cause a fire hazard. A mixture with nitrates or other strong oxidants (such as chlorates, perchlorates and liquid oxygen) may generate an explosive mass. Sensitivity to heat, friction and shock cannot be assessed in advance.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

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Information not available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

Local effects. Product information:

Skin contact. Symptoms: Redness. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Eye Contact: Contact with eyes may cause irritation. Inhalation: Inhalation of the vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness. It can cause irritation. Inhalation of vapors can cause headache, nausea, vomiting and changes in consciousness.

Ingestion: if accidentally ingested, the product can enter the lungs due to its low viscosity and cause the rapid development of serious lung lesions (keep under medical supervision for 48 hours). Ingestion can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. May cause central nervous system depression.

Other adverse effects

Vapor concentrations above the recommended exposure levels are irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract, can cause headache and dizziness, have an anesthetic effect and cause other central nervous system effects. Repeated and / or prolonged skin contact with low viscosity materials can degrease the skin with possible development of irritation and dermatitis. Small amounts of fluid, aspirated into the lungs if swallowed or vomit, can cause chemical pneumonia or pulmonary edema.

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

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ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture: ATE (Oral) of the mixture: ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component) Not classified (no significant component) Not classified (no significant component)

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours): > 2000 mg/kg > 5000 mg/kg > 9300 mg/l/4h

LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours): > 2000 mg/kg > 2000 mg/kg > 5 mg/l/4h

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

Repeated exposure can cause skin dryness and cracking. Slightly irritating to the skin on prolonged exposure.

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

EYE CONTACT: May cause mild, short-term eye discomfort. Based on test data for materials of similar structure to OECD guideline 405.

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Respiratory sensitization

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

Not assumed to be a respiratory sensitizer.

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Skin sensitization

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

Not assumed to be a skin sensitizer to OECD 406 guidelines.

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

The mutagenic potential of the substance has been extensively investigated in a range of in-vivo and in-vitro analyzes. Genetic toxicity: negative. It is assumed that it is not a germ cell mutagenic agent. Based on test data for materials of similar structure to OECD guidelines 471 473 474 476 478 479.

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

This product is not classified as a carcinogen. It is assumed that it does not cause cancer. Based on test data for materials of similar structure to OECD guideline 453.

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

No information available. It is assumed that it is not a toxic agent for reproduction. Based on test data for materials of similar structure to OECD guidelines 414 421 422.

Adverse effects on sexual function and fertility

Information not available

Adverse effects on development of the offspring

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Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

The results of the studies on the substance related to developmental toxicity, dictated by the OECD guidelines, and those of the screening studies in the same setting did not reveal any tissue in rats.

Effects on or via lactation

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

Lactation: Not expected to be harmful to breastfed infants.

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

Single Exposure: May cause drowsiness and dizziness. This substance does not meet the EU criteria for classification.

Target organs

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

Central nervous system

Route of exposure

Information not available

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

Repeated Exposure: Not expected to cause organ damage following prolonged and repeated exposure. Based on test data for materials of similar structure to OECD guideline 408 413 422. No known effects based on information provided.

Target organs

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

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Central nervous system.

Route of exposure

Information not available

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class Viscosity: > 20,5 mm2/sec (40°C)

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

Use according to good working practices, avoiding to disperse the product in the environment. Notify the competent authorities if the product has reached waterways or sewers or if it has contaminated the soil or vegetation. C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic (EC 919-857-5) hydrocarbons: Based on the ecological information below and according to the criteria indicated in the regulations on dangerous substances, this substance is not classified as hazardous to the environment.

12.1. Toxicity

C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic (EC 919-857-5): The following is a summary of the most representative studies in the Registration Dossier. Aquatic toxicity: Endpoint: Invertebrates - Short term (Daphnia magna) Result: EL50 (48 h): >1000 mg/L (mobility); EL50 (24 h): >1000 mg/L (mobility) Comments: Key study (C9-C11, <2% aromatic) - OECD Guideline 202 - SRC (1995) Endpoint: Invertebrates - Short term (Chaetogammarus marinus) Result: LL50 (48 h): > 1000 mg/L (mortality); LL50 (24 h): >1000 mg/L (mortality) Comments: Key study (C9-C11 <2 % aromatic) OECD Guideline 202 - TNO (1992) Endpoint: Invertebrates - Long term (Daphnia magna) Result: NOELR (21 days): 0.23 mg/L (reproduction) Comments: Support study (C9-C11 <2 % aromatic) (Q)SAR Modeled date - CONCAWE (2010) Endpoint: Algae (Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata) Inhibition of growth Result: EC50 (72 h): > 1000 mg/L (Growth); EC50 (72 h): > 1000 mg/L (biomassa); NOELR (72 h): 3 mg/L (cell number); NOELR (72 h): 100 mg/L (Growth) Comments: Key study (C9-C11 <2 % aromatic) OECD Guideline 201 - SRC (1995) Endpoint: Fish - Short term (Oncorhynchus mykiss) Result: LL50 (24 h):>1000 mg/L; LL0 (24 h):1000 mg/L; LL50 (48 h): >1000 mg/L; LL0 (48 h):1000 mg/L; LL50 (72): >1000 mg/L; LL0 (72 h) mg/L: Comments: Key study (C9-C11 <2 % aromatic) OECD Guideline 203 - SRC (1995). Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

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LC50 - for Fish	> 1000 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	> 1000 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 1000 mg/l/72h
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatic	
LC50 - for Fish	> 1 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	> 10 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 100 mg/l/72h

12.2. Persistence and degradability

C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic (EC 919-857-5): Abiotic degradability: Hydrolysis: this substance is resistant to hydrolysis Therefore, this process will not contribute to a measurable loss of degradation of the substance in the environment. Biodegradation: Based on the available studies and properties of C9-C16 hydrocarbons, this substance is considered inherently biodegradable. Method : Non-adapted microorganisms OECD Guideline 301 F Result : Readily biodegradable 80 % (28 days) Comments : Reliable key study without restrictions (C9-C11, <2% aromatic) Source: Shell (1997).

Hydrocarbons, C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic"

Entirely degradable

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatic

Rapidly degradable 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

12.4. Mobility in soil

Hydrocarbons C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic (EC 919-857-5): Standard tests for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Hydrocarbons C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic (EC 919-857-5): Dispersion in the environment may lead to contamination of environmental matrices (air, soil, subsoil, surface and groundwater). Use according to good working practice, avoiding to disperse the products in the environment

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According to the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disrupters with effects on the environment being evaluated.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Hydrocarbons C9-C11, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclic, <2% aromatic (EC 919-857-5): Dispersion in the environment can lead to contamination of environmental matrices (air, soil, subsoil, surface water and groundwater). Use according to good working practice, avoiding to disperse the products in the environment

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, 1263 IATA:

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID:	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
IMDG:	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
IATA:	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID:	Class: 3	Label: 3
IMDG:	Class: 3	Label: 3
IATA:	Class: 3	Label: 3



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, III IATA:

14.5. Environmental hazards

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ADR / RID: NO IMDG: NO IATA: NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler: 30 Special provision: -	Limited Quantities: 5 L	Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)
IMDG:	EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u>	Limited Quantities: 5 I	
IATA:	Cargo:	L Maximum quantity: 220 L	Packaging instructions: 366
	Pass.:	_ Maximum quantity: 60 L	Packaging instructions: 355
	Special provision:	A3, A72, A192	

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: P5c

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

 Product
 3 - 40

 Contained substance
 Point

 Point
 75

 Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

 Not applicable

 Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

 On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

 Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

 None

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Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent dangerous to health must be subject to health surveillance carried out in accordance with the provisions of art. 41 of D.Lgs. 81 of 9 April 2008 unless the risk to the safety and health of the worker has been assessed irrelevant, in accordance with art. 224 paragraph 2.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road

- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number

- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)

- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)

- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals - IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization

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- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- **OEL: Occupational Exposure Level**
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).
- GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY
- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP) 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website

Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review:

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